Complete Molar Pregnancy at Very Advanced Maternal Age

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ABSTRACT

We are presenting a case of a 57-year-old patient with a complete hydatidiform mole who was presented to the emergency department with heavy vaginal bleeding and symptomatic anemia. Pelvic ultrasound and level of serum beta-human chorionic gonadotropin (β -HCG). Histopathology showed secretory phase endometrium with aria Stella reaction and trophoblasts. Total abdominal hysterectomy and bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy were the best approaches for the patient to prevent the sequelae of gestational trophoblastic diseases. The serum β -HCG level significantly dropped during the follow-up period. Pregnancy rates during the perimenopause are extremely rare, and the majority of pregnancies that do occur at this age are abnormal2

Keywords : complete mole , vaginal bleeding , perimenopause , beta-human chorionic gonadotropin ($\beta\text{-HCG}$) , Hysterectomy

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